Notes

- 1 At the 23rd SADC Heads of States Summit held in Tanzania in August 2003, the Seychelles declared its intention to withdraw from the regional organisation due to economic constraints and accumulated arrears in SADC contributions. The SADC Council of Ministers is, however, trying to convince the country to reconsider its position.
- 2 According to the World Food Summit Plan of Action (1996, par.1), '*food security* exists when all people, at all times, have physical and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food for a healthy and active life'.
- 3 The Human Development Index, developed by the UNDP in 1990, measures a country's achievements in three aspects of human development (longevity, knowledge and a decent standard of living) by incorporating into a composite index life expectancy at birth, combined gross enrolment ratios at all levels of education, adult literacy and real per capita income.
- 4 These SADC-wide HDI values include Mauritius and Seychelles.
- 5 The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) uses adult illiteracy rate, i.e. percentage of adults who are illiterate, as a standard measure of 'deprivation in knowledge' and forms part of the Human Poverty Index.
- 6 Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources.
- 7 These were, according to the 2000 SADC Regional Human Development Report, Zimbabwe, Botswana, South Africa, Namibia, Swaziland, Malawi, Lesotho, Tanzania and the DRC.

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